ThreatQuotient



VMware Carbon Black EDR Connector Guide

Version 2.0.1

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ThreatQuotient

11400 Commerce Park Dr., Suite 200 Reston, VA 20191

Support

Email: support@threatq.com

Web: support.threatq.com

Phone: 703.574.9893



Contents

ersioning	, 4
troduction	. 5
stallation	
onfiguration	
nreatQ Authentication	
Generating OAuth Credentials	
ptions	
arting the Connector	12
ograding the Connector	13
ebugging the Connector	14
nange Log	15



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Versioning

- Current Integration version: 2.0.0
- Supported on ThreatQ Versions: >= 4.25.0

OPERATING SYSTEM	OS VERSION	PYTHON VERSION
RedHat/CentOS	6/7	2.7



Introduction



The VMware Carbon Black EDR version 2.0.0 connector replaced the Carbon Black Response version 1.0.0 connector.

The VMware Carbon Black EDR connector integration pulls Active indicators from a ThreatQ saved search and imports them into Carbon Black EDR as Threat Reports. This integration will be installed and run on the Carbon Black EDR server. The integration configuration allows you customize what information is exported from ThreatQ into Carbon Black EDR by enabling you to specify multiple saved search names.

This Connector will receive data only from saved searches that contain Indicators of type:

IPv4, IPv6, MD5, FQDN



Installation

The VMware Carbon Black EDR Response Connector is packaged into an RPM file which will be installed on your Carbon Black EDR Response server. You can download the RPM file from either:

ThreatQ Marketplace: https://marketplace.threatq.com/



Users are required to log in with their support portal credentials in order to download the integration.

• ThreatQ Download Repository: https://download.threatq.com/integrations/



Users are required to log in with their YUM credentials in order to download the integration from the ThreatQ Download Repository.

1. Transfer the RPM file to your Carbon Black EDR Response instance:

```
<> scp python-cb-threatq-connector-2.0.0-10.x86_64.rpm root@<cb-
ip-address>:/tmp/
```

- 2. SSH into your Carbon Black EDR Response instance.
- 3. Install the package using the RPM:

```
<> cd /tmp

rpm -ivh python-cb-threatq-connector-2.0.0-10.x86_64.rpm --
ignoreos --nofiledigest
```



The OS is ignored in the command above. If the OS is not ignored, the installation will fail.



Configuration

The connector now needs to be configured on the Carbon Black EDR Response instance side.

1. Create a default "credentials.response" file for the connector to use.

```
<> [default]
  url=https://localhost
  token=xxxxxxxx
  ssl_verify=False
```

- Your token can be found in your user profile in the Carbon Black EDR Web UI.
- 2. Locate the sample of the configuration file at:

```
<> /etc/cb/integrations/threatq/connector.conf.example
```

- 3. Copy the sample file to the following pathway:
 - <> /etc/cb/integrations/threatq/connector.conf
- 4. Configure the ThreatQ connector by entering the following parameters:



```
threatq verify ssl=false
threatq http proxy=
threatq https proxy=
[bridge]
# Core Configuration
listener port=6300
listener address=127.0.0.1
feed retrieval minutes=60
# debug=1
# API key for an administrative user of the Carbon Black EDR
server carbonblack server token=
carbonblack server sslverify=false
# Only uncomment out the carbonblack server url if you are
running the connector on a machine
# *other* than the Cb server itself.
# carbonblack server url=
# If you need to use an HTTPS proxy to access the ThreatQ API
server, uncomment and configure the https proxy # variable
below.
# https proxy=http://
proxyuser:proxypass@proxyhostname:proxyport
# http proxy=http://
proxyuser:proxypass@proxyhostname:proxyport
```

PARAMETER DETAILS

threatq_host	Example: https://<>
threatq_client_id	Client ID of ThreatQ instance specified above (on threatq_host)
	The Client ID can be found on the UI of ThreatQ.
threatq_user	Username used to connect to ThreatQ instance.
threatq_password	Password used to connect to ThreatQ instance.



threatq_ oauth_client_id Cauth client id used to connect to ThreatQ instance. threatq_ oauth_client_secret This names can be found on the UI of ThreatQ instance, on the saved search section. This is a comma-delimited list of saved searches. threatq_ verify_ssl This is whether you want to verify the SSL connection between CB Response and ThreatQ. Setting this to true may cause connection issues. This option is set to false by default threatq_http_ proxy This is optional. If you want to communicate with ThreatQ via an HTTP proxy, set it here. This must include the username, password, host/ ip, and port. This must include the username, password, host/ ip, and port.		
threatq_ saved_ search_names This names can be found on the UI of ThreatQ instance, on the saved search section. This is a comma-delimited list of saved searches. This is whether you want to verify the SSL connection between CB Response and ThreatQ. Setting this to true may cause connection issues. This option is set to false by default This is optional. If you want to communicate with ThreatQ via an HTTP proxy, set it here. This must include the username, password, host/ ip, and port. This is optional. If you want to communicate with ThreatQ via an HTTPS proxy, set it here. This is optional. If you want to communicate with ThreatQ via an HTTPS proxy, set it here. This is optional. If you want to communicate with ThreatQ via an HTTPS proxy, set it here.		Oauth client id used to connect to ThreatQ instance.
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via an HTTPS proxy, set it here. This must include the username, password, host/		
	threatq_ https_proxy	•



ThreatQ Authentication

There are two types of authentication that can be used for connecting to the ThreatQ instance.

First one uses the threatq_client_id, threatq_username, threatq_password for the specified ThreatQ instance.

The second one uses OAuth (threatq_oauth_client_id, threatq_oauth_client_secret).



OAuth is supported on ThreatQ instance starting with version v4.30.

Notes:

- If fields for both authentication types are completed in the configuration file (section # 1 and # 2 located in the configuration file listed in step 4 of the Configuration chapter) than priority will have the client_id/user/password authentication, so this one will be used for connecting to the instance
- If for both section from authentication (section # 1 and # 2 located in the configuration file listed in step 4 of the Configuration chapter) fields are missing or are empty than an error will be raised when the connector service will start
- If just one of the sections from authentication (section # 1 and # 2 located in the configuration file listed in step 4 of the Configuration chapter) has all fields completed and non empty that this one will be used.

Generating OAuth Credentials



The OAuth authentication method requires ThreatQ version 4.30.

1. Run the following commands to generate the tokens:

```
<> cd /var/www/api
sudo php artisan threatq:oauth2-client --name "Carbon Black
EDR Response Connector" --user_ group "analyst"
```



Save these two tokens in a safe and secure location.



Options

The server can be configured to retrieve data from a ThreatQ saved search at specific intervals.

The [bridge] section of the configuration file the parameter feed_retrieval_minutes must be completed in order to use this option. See step 4 in the Configuration chapter for more details.



Starting the Connector

Prerequisites

- · Connector has been installed via RPM.
- Connector has been configured on the ThreatQ side (created the saved searches).
- Connector has been configured on the Carbon Black EDR Response side (connector.conf).

Run one of the following commands, depending on the CentOS version:

Centos6

<> service cb-threatq-connector start

Centos7

<> systemctl start cb-threatq-connector



Upgrading the Connector

If the ThreatQ connector has already been installed once and needs to be updated, follow these steps:

1. Transfer the new RPM file to your Carbon Black EDR Response instance:

```
<> scp python-cb-threatq-connector-2.0.0-10.x86_ 64.rpm root@:/
tmp/
```

- 2. SSH into your Carbon Black EDR Response instance.
- 3. Stop the old connector:

```
<> service cb-threatq-connector stop
```

4. Use the RPM to upgrade your connector:

```
<> cd /tmp rpm -Uvh --force python-cb-threatq-
connector2.0.0-10.x86_64.rpm --ignoreos --nofiledigest
```

5. Start the connector up again:

```
<> service cb-threatq-connector start
```



Debugging the Connector

If the connector is up and running, but you aren't seeing any indicators within Carbon Black EDR Response, you can debug it by looking at the connector log file:

Log Location: /var/log/cb/integrations/cb-threatq-connector/cbthreatq-connector.log

If you want to see the data that is being downloaded by Carbon Black EDR Response, you can directly curl the connector from your Carbon Black EDR Response instance.

- 1. SSH into your Carbon Black EDR Response instance.
- 2. Use curl to send a request to the connector

```
<> curl -k http://127.0.0.1:6300/threatq/json?server_
    token=<enter your server token here>
```



You can get the server token from the log file specified above. Otherwise, you might just be able to leave it out.



Change Log

- Version 2.0.1
 - Rebuilt RPM using ThreatQ SDK 1.8.1.
- Version 2.0.0
 - Inital Release Replaced Carbon Black Response Connector