

ThreatQuotient



Mandiant Intelligence Reports CDF User Guide

Version 2.0.0

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ThreatQuotient

20130 Lakeview Center Plaza Suite 400
Ashburn, VA 20147



Support

Email: support@threatq.com

Web: support.threatq.com

Phone: 703.574.9893

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Support

This integration is designated as **ThreatQ Supported**.

Support Email: support@threatq.com

Support Web: <https://support.threatq.com>

Support Phone: 703.574.9893

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Integration Details

ThreatQuotient provides the following details for this integration:

Current Integration Version	2.0.0
Compatible with ThreatQ Versions	>= 5.6.0
Support Tier	ThreatQ Supported

Introduction

The Mandiant Intelligence Reports integration allows a user to ingest threat intelligence reports from Mandiant's API.

The integration provides the following feeds:

- **Mandiant Intelligence Reports** - returns a list of finished intelligence reports created by Mandiant.
- **Mandiant Report Download** (Supplemental) - returns details of a Mandiant report.

The integration ingests the following system object types:

- Adversaries
 - Adversary Attributes
- Indicators
 - Indicator Attributes
- Malware
 - Malware Attributes
- Reports
 - Report Attributes
- Vulnerabilities
 - Vulnerability Attributes
- TTP

Installation

Perform the following steps to install the integration:



The same steps can be used to upgrade the integration to a new version.

1. Log into <https://marketplace.threatq.com/>.
2. Locate and download the integration file.
3. Navigate to the integrations management page on your ThreatQ instance.
4. Click on the **Add New Integration** button.
5. Upload the integration file using one of the following methods:
 - Drag and drop the file into the dialog box
 - Select **Click to Browse** to locate the integration file on your local machine



ThreatQ will inform you if the feed already exists on the platform and will require user confirmation before proceeding. ThreatQ will also inform you if the new version of the feed contains changes to the user configuration. The new user configurations will overwrite the existing ones for the feed and will require user confirmation before proceeding.

6. If prompted, select the individual feeds to install and click **Install**. The feed will be added to the integrations page.

You will still need to [configure and then enable](#) the feed.

Configuration



ThreatQuotient does not issue API keys for third-party vendors. Contact the specific vendor to obtain API keys and other integration-related credentials.

To configure the integration:

1. Navigate to your integrations management page in ThreatQ.
2. Select the **Commercial** option from the *Category* dropdown (optional).



If you are installing the integration for the first time, it will be located under the **Disabled** tab.

3. Click on the integration entry to open its details page.
4. Enter the following parameters under the **Configuration** tab:

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION
API ID	Your Mandiant API ID used for authentication.
API Key	Your Mandiant API key used for authentication.
Ingest CVEs As	Select the entity type you'd like CVEs ingested as. Options include: ◦ Indicators ◦ Vulnerabilities (default)
Parse for IoCs	If enabled, select the IOC types you would like to automatically parse from the content. Options include: ◦ CVE ◦ IP Address ◦ IPv6 Address ◦ CIDR Block ◦ MD5 ◦ SHA-1 ◦ SHA-256 ◦ SHA-512 ◦ Email Address ◦ Registry Key

< Mandiant Intelligence Reports



Disabled
☐
Enabled

Uninstall

Additional Information

Integration Type: Feed

Version:

Configuration
Activity Log

API ID


API Key


Set indicator status to...
Active ▼

Run Frequency

Every 24 Hours ▼

☒ Send a notification when this feed encounters issues.

☐ Debug Option: Save the raw data response files.
We recommend leaving this disabled unless actively troubleshooting an issue because it utilizes a lot of disk space.

Save

5. Review any additional settings, make any changes if needed, and click on **Save**.
6. Click on the toggle switch, located above the *Additional Information* section, to enable it.

ThreatQ Mapping

Mandiant Intelligence Reports

Retrieves a list of reports from Mandiant. Additionally, the `objects[].report_id` is used as a parameter in the Mandiant Report Download supplemental feed call.

GET <https://api.intelligence.mandiant.com/v4/reports>

Sample Response:

```
{
  "next":
  "DnF1ZXJ5VGhlbkZldGNoAwAAAAAfysFdFkxkSkRHeU1DUXJDRVlyYXN4UW5wSmcAAAAAGnyQvBZSZ2
  loUlRuRVRueXJ2bXptWHh3eXFRAAAAAB0MHPUWU9NTTVqYWpTeENGWnF0VTd0Q0Vhdw==",
  "objects": [
    {
      "id": "report--19234216-0b31-50b1-88bc-e862b1a6ec80",
      "report_id": "23-00007019",
      "title": "A LNK Between Browsers",
      "audience": [
        "Media Highlights"
      ],
      "publish_date": "2023-11-10T20:14:41.018Z",
      "version": "1",
      "version_one_publish_date": "2023-11-10T20:14:41.018Z",
      "intelligence_type": "tmh",
      "report_type": "TTP Deep Dive",
      "report_link": "https://advantage.mandiant.com/reports/23-00007019"
    }
  ],
  "total_count": 3054
}
```

ThreatQuotient provides the following default mapping for this feed:

FEED DATA PATH	THREATQ ENTITY	THREATQ OBJECT TYPE OR ATTRIBUTE KEY	PUBLISHED DATE	EXAMPLES	NOTES
<code>.objects[].report_link</code>	<code>report.attribute</code>	Report Link	<code>.publish_date</code>	https://advantage.mandiant.com/reports/22-00015388	N/A

Mandiant Report Download (Supplemental)

The supplemental feed uses the `objects[].report_id` retrieved from the Mandiant Intelligence Reports as the `reportId` parameter in order to fetch the detailed report.

GET <https://api.intelligence.mandiant.com/v4/report/{reportId}>

Sample Response:

```
{
  "id": "report--fe809b11-9789-51a6-96f7-14ff8088656e",
  "report_id": "23-00007019",
  "report_type": "TTP Deep Dive",
  "version": 1,
  "publish_date": "2023-04-28T19:28:47.15Z",
  "title": "A LNK Between Browsers",
  "audience": [
    "cyber crime",
    "cyber espionage"
  ],
  "threat_scape": [
    "Cyber Crime",
    "Cyber Espionage"
  ],
  "requester_org_id": "ThreatQ - Development Org v4",
  "previous_versions": [
    {
      "report_id": "23-00007019",
      "title": "Mandiant Blog: A LNK Between Browsers",
      "publish_date": "2023-04-28T19:28:47.15Z",
      "version_number": 1
    }
  ],
  "version_one_publish_date": "2023-04-28T19:28:47.15Z",
  "threat_detail": "<p style='margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';'><span style='font-size: 12.0pt;'>Two pillars in sleight of hand magic are <em>User Initiated Action</em>, where the target needs to believe their actions are their own, and <em>Hidden Action</em>, where the trick needs to be concealed behind something ordinary and nonthreatening. Mandiant became aware of a chain of adversary methodologies that leverage these two pillars to achieve <a style='font-family: 'Open Sans'; color: navy; text-decoration: underline;' href='\"https://attack.mitre.org/tactics/TA0003/\">persistence</a>.</span></p>\n<p style='margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';'><span style='font-size: 12.0pt;'>&nbsp;</span></p>\n<ol style='margin-bottom: 0in; font-family: 'open sans', sans-serif; font-size: 12pt;'>\n<li><span style='font-size: 12.0pt;'>The user executes an LNK shortcut file that, unbeknownst to them, has been tampered with.</span></li>\n<li><span style='font-size: 12.0pt;'>The modified LNK shortcut file executes a legitimate browser, hiding the malicious extension.</span></li>\n</ol>\n<p style='margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';'><span
```

style="font-size: 12.0pt;"/> </p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';">If the technical sleight of hand is successful, the adversary will achieve persistence by means of malicious Chromium-based browser extensions.</p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';"> </p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';">While hunting this methodology, Mandiant identified BRAINSTORM, a rust-based dropper that ultimately led to RILIDE, a Chromium-based extension first publicly reported by SpiderLabs. Careful investigation identified that the email and cryptocurrency theft ecosystem of RILIDE is larger than reported. This research dissects the relevant adversary methodologies, discusses the identified malware families abusing this methodology, and includes numerous detection opportunities to expand the defender's hunting and detection repertoire.</p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';"> </p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';">The Connection from LNK to Extension</p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';"> </p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';">The LNK File</p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';"> </p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';">Files with the extension .lnk are colloquially known as LNK files, but are officially known as Shell Link Binary Files, and they follow a standardized format. LNK files contain information that points a user's interaction to another data object on the system. In many instances, this is transparent to an end user. A Windows user may click on the Google Chrome icon in the Start Menu and Chrome opens. What is not shown to the user is that they are executing an LNK file with properties that point to the actual Chrome executable.</p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';"> </p>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';">RILIDE C&C URL</p>\n</td>\n</tr>\n<tr style="height: 15.0pt;"/>\n<td style="width: 238.0pt; border: solid windowtext 1.0pt; border-top: none; padding: 0in 5.4pt 0in 5.4pt; height: 15.0pt;"/>\n<p style="margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';">https://vceilinichego.ru/api/

```

machine/get-urls</span></p>\n</td>\n<td style=\"width: 202.75pt; border-top:
none; border-left: none; border-bottom: solid windowtext 1.0pt; border-right:
solid windowtext 1.0pt; padding: 0in 5.4pt 0in 5.4pt; height: 15.0pt;\">
<p style=\"margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';\"><span
style=\"font-size: 12.0pt;\">RILIDE C&C URL</span></p>\n</td>\n</tr>\n<tr
style=\"height: 15.0pt;\">
<td style=\"width: 238.0pt; border: solid
windowtext 1.0pt; border-top: none; padding: 0in 5.4pt 0in 5.4pt; height:
15.0pt;\">
<p style=\"margin: 0in; font-size: 10pt; font-family: 'Open Sans';
\"><span style=\"font-size: 12.0pt;\">https://vceilinichego.ru/api/machine/
init</span></p></p>\",
    \"executive_summary\": \"<ul style=\"margin-bottom: 0in; font-family: 'open
sans', sans-serif; font-size: 12pt;\">
<li><strong><span style=\"font-size:
12pt;\">A version of this report will appear on the Mandiant blog the week of
</span></strong><strong><span style=\"font-size: 12pt;\">May 1, 2023.</span></
strong></li>\n</ul>\",
    \"tags\": {
      \"malware_families\": [
        {
          \"id\": \"malware--276eca6c-68bd-541d-8f3e-6ef07f544145\",
          \"name\": \"BRAINSTORM\",
          \"aliases\": [
            \"BRAINSTORM\"
          ]
        }
      ]
    },
    \"relations\": {},
    \"files\": [
      {
        \"identifier\": \"Attacker\",
        \"size\": \"17825792\",
        \"name\": \"undefined.exe\",
        \"md5\": \"5133177ac4950cf772d2f729bb0622ec\",
        \"sha1\": \"042839871fa456d7d82b34a1eb85de5afe54ccd1\",
        \"sha256\":
\"1cc7939b1a7d7462f1cf54ba88d2ab2b62a70e225d31b4883e9c42ecbd230ff3\",
        \"type\": \"application/x-dosexec\"
      }
    ],
    \"networks\": [
      {
        \"identifier\": \"Attacker\",
        \"network_type\": \"url\",
        \"port\": \"443\",
        \"protocol\": \"https\",
        \"url\": \"https://panger-top.click/1/install-win64-11.5.8_en-US.exe\"
      }
    ],
    \"cvss_base_score\": \"0\",
    \"cvss_temporal_score\": \"0\",
    \"zero_day\": false,

```

```
"in_the_wild": false,
"report_confidence": "ND"
}
```

ThreatQuotient provides the following default mapping for this feed:

FEED DATA PATH	THREATQ ENTITY	THREATQ OBJECT TYPE OR ATTRIBUTE KEY	PUBLISHED DATE	EXAMPLES	NOTES
.title	report.value	N/A	.publish_date	Mandiant Blog: A LNK Between Browsers	N/A
.report_type + .publish_date + .executive_summary + .threat_detail	report.description	N/A	N/A	Report Type: TTP Deep Dive Published At: 2023-04-28T19:28:47.15Z Executive Summary [Truncated - see full report] will be appended to the description.	N/A
.executive_summary	attack_pattern.value	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
.audience	report.attribute	Audience	.publish_date	cyber crime	N/A
.report_type	report.attribute	Report Type	.publish_date	TTP Deep Dive	N/A
.outlet	report.attribute	Media Outlet	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tmh_accuracy_ranking	report.attribute	Accuracy Ranking	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.document_type	report.attribute	Document Type	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.customer_sensitive	report.attribute	Customer Sensitive	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.mitigations	report.attribute	Mitigation	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.risk_rating	report.attribute	Risk Rating	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.report_id	report.attribute	Report ID	.publish_date	23-00007019	N/A
.previous_versions[].version_number	report.attribute	Previous Version Number	.publish_date	1	If multiple previous_version objects exist, only the most recent previous_version object is reported.
.previous_versions[].publish_date	report.attribute	Previous Version Date	.publish_date	2023-04-28 19:28:47-00:00	If multiple previous_version objects exist, only the most recent previous_version object is reported.
.tags.affected_industries[]	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / malware.attribute	Affected Industry	.publish_date	Civil N/A	N/A

FEED DATA PATH	THREATQ ENTITY	THREATQ OBJECT TYPE OR ATTRIBUTE KEY	PUBLISHED DATE	EXAMPLES	NOTES
.tags.affected_systems[]	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / malware.attribute	Affected System	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tags.motivations[]	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / malware.attribute	Motivation	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tags.source_geographies[]	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / malware.attribute	Source Geography	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tags.target_geographies[]	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / malware.attribute	Target Geography	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tags.targeted_informations[]	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / malware.attribute	Targeted Information	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tags.intended_effects[]	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / malware.attribute	Intended Effect	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tags.ttps[]	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / malware.attribute	TTP	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tags.actors[].name	adversary.name	N/A	.publish_date	n/A	Adversary objects are related to the primary Report object.
.tags.actors[].id	adversary.attribute	ID	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.tags.malware_families[].name	malware.value	N/A	.publish_date	BRAINSTORM	Malware objects are related to the primary Report object and all other Adversary, Malware, and Indicator objects parsed from the Report object.
.tags.malware_families[].id	malware.attribute	ID	.publish_date	malware--276eca6c-68bd-541d-8f3e-6ef07f544145	N/A
.tags.malware_families[].aliases[]	malware.attribute	Alias	.publish_date	BRAINSTORM	N/A
.networks[].ip	related indicator.value	IP Address	.publish_date	n/A	N/A
.networks[].url	related indicator.value	URL	.publish_date	https://panger-top.click/1/install-win64-11.5.8_en-US.exe	N/A

FEED DATA PATH	THREATQ ENTITY	THREATQ OBJECT TYPE OR ATTRIBUTE KEY	PUBLISHED DATE	EXAMPLES	NOTES
.networks[].port	indicator.attribute	Port	.publish_date	443	N/A
.networks[].protocol	indicator.attribute	Protocol	.publish_date	http	N/A
.networks[].identifier	indicator.attribute	Identifier	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.networks[].domain	related indicator.value	FQDN	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.files[].name	related indicator.value	Filename	.publish_date	undefined.exe	N/A
.files[].sha1	related indicator.value	SHA-1	.publish_date	042839871fa456d7d82b34a1eb85de5afe54ccd1	N/A
.files[].sha256	related indicator.value	SHA-256	.publish_date	1cc7939b1a7d7462f1cf54ba88d2ab2b62a70e225d31b4883e9c42ecbd230ff3	N/A
.files[].md5	related indicator.value	MD5	.publish_date	5133177ac4950cf772d2f729bb0622ec	N/A
.files[].size	indicator.attribute	File Size	.publish_date	17825792	N/A
.files[].identifier	indicator.attribute	Identifier	.publish_date	Attacker	N/A
.files[].type	indicator.attribute	File Type	.publish_date	application/x-dosexec	N/A
.files[].malwareFamily	indicator.attribute	Malware Family	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.files[].actor	indicator.attribute	Actor	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.threat_scape	report.attribute / indicator.attribute	Threat Scape	.publish_date	Cyber Crime	N/A
.cvss_base_score	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / cve.attribute	CVSS Base Score	.publish_date	0	N/A
.cvss_temporal_score	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / cve.attribute	CVSS Temporal Score	.publish_date	0	N/A
.report_confidence	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / cve.attribute	Report Confidence	.publish_date	ND	N/A
.in_the_wild	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / cve.attribute	Observed in the Wild	.publish_date	false	N/A
.zero_day	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / cve.attribute	Has Zero Day	.publish_date	false	N/A
.affected_vendors	report.attribute / adversary.attribute / cve.attribute	Affected Vendor	.publish_date	N/A	N/A
.threat_detail	related indicator.value	IP Address, CVE, MD5, SHA-1,	.publish_date	https://vceilinichego.ru/api/machine/init	Indicators are parsed out of

FEED DATA PATH	THREATQ ENTITY	THREATQ OBJECT TYPE OR ATTRIBUTE KEY	PUBLISHED DATE	EXAMPLES	NOTES
		SHA-256, or SHA-512			the description

Average Feed Run



Object counts and Feed runtime are supplied as generalities only - objects returned by a provider can differ based on credential configurations and Feed runtime may vary based on system resources and load.

Mandiant Intelligence Reports

METRIC	RESULT
Run Time	5 minutes
Reports	480
Report Attributes	6,950
Adversaries	53
Adversary Attributes	1,860
Indicators	1,355
Indicator Attributes	6,348
Malware	149
Malware Attributes	5,945
TTP	13
Vulnerabilities	21
Vulnerability Attributes	151

Known Issues / Limitations

- MITRE ATT&CK attack patterns must have already been ingested by a previous run of the MITRE ATT&CK feeds in order for MITRE ATT&CK attack patterns extracted from a report's Executive Summary to be related to the report. MITRE ATT&CK attack patterns are ingested from the following feeds:
 - MITRE Enterprise ATT&CK
 - MITRE Mobile ATT&CK
 - MITRE PRE-ATT&CK

Change Log

- **Version 2.0.0**
 - Added the ability to fetch data older than 90 days.
 - Added a new attribute: `Intended Effect`.
 - Updated the way relationships and attributes are made.
 - Added support for News Analysis Reports.
 - Added two new configuration options:
 - Ingest CVEs As
 - Parse for IoCs
 - The IOC Parser now utilizes the built-in ThreatQ indicator parser.
 - Vulnerability Reports will now be ingested as Vulnerability objects.
 - Resolved an issue where users would encounter a `filter-mapping` error when loading MITRE Attack Patterns from the ThreatQ API.
- **Version 1.1.4**
 - Removed the restriction on description length.
 - Resolved an issue where IOCs from report descriptions were not ingested.
 - Updated minimum ThreatQ version to 5.6.0.
- **Version 1.1.3**
 - IP addresses, FQDNs and URLs are now ingested as indicators when parsed from a report
- **Version 1.1.2**
 - Updated the `response_content_type` for all Mandiant API requests.
 - Updated the method for retrieving Attack Patterns from the ThreatQ API.
- **Version 1.1.0**
 - Decreased the number of API Attack Patterns retrieved, per request, to prevent timeout errors.
- **Version 1.0.1**
 - Fixed an issue with the `Category` field that prevented users from installing the integration on ThreatQ version 4 instances.
- **Version 1.0.0**
 - Initial release